

Top-Line Results of the Phase 2a Part of the Phase 2/3 Trial of S-217622, the COVID-19 Therapeutic Drug

February 7, 2022 Isao Teshirogi, Ph.D. President and CEO



Phase 2a Part (of Phase 2/3 trial)



Subjects	Mild/moderate and asymptomatic/only mild symptoms SARS-CoV-2-infected subjects		
Clinical trial design	Multicenter, randomized, placebo-controlled, double-blind study		
Endpoints	Efficacy, Safety		
Age	12 to 70 years old		
Sample size	69		
dosage and administration	Oral administration of S-217622 or placebo tablet once daily for 5 days (5 times in total)		
group	low dose, high dose, placebo		

Mild/moderate and asymptomatic/only mild symptoms SARS-CoV-2-infected subjects

<Common criteria>

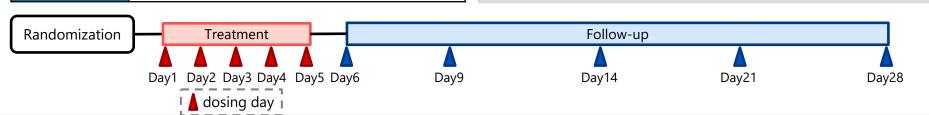
- 12 to < 70 years of age, at the time of signing the informed consent/assent
- Subjects who were diagnosed as SARS-CoV-2 positive within 120 hours before randomization.

<Subjects with mild/moderate SARS-CoV-2 infection>

- Subjects with time from COVID-19 onset to randomization of = < 120 hours
- Subjects who have at least one moderate (COVID-19 score: 2) or severe symptom among the following 12 COVID-19 symptoms at enrollment (excluding symptoms present prior to COVID-19 onset)

<Subjects with asymptomatic/only mild symptoms SARS-CoV-2 infection>

 Subjects who have none of the symptoms of COVID-19 within 2 weeks before randomization, or mild symptoms only SARS-CoV-2 infection





Main Endpoints



	【Antiviral effect】→ Primary endpoint Change from baseline in SARS-CoV-2 viral titer at each time point (Viral titer: Amount of infectious virus (living virus) contained in the sample)
Efficacy analysis	 (Antiviral effect) Change from baseline in SARS-CoV-2 viral RNA at each time point (Viral RNA: Amount of viral RNA (including fragments of the dead virus genome) contained in the sample) Proportion of patients with viral titer positivity at each time point Time to first confirmation of negative SARS CoV-2 viral titer
	 [Clinical Symptom improvement] Mean Change from Baseline in COVID-19 Symptom Score at each time point
	 (Effect in preventing exacerbation) Proportion of first exacerbated subjects with 3 or higher on 8-Point Ordinal Scale* score at any point after the treatment (exploratory analysis)
	* Scale that classifies clinical severity into 8 levels
Safety analysis	Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAE) / Treatment-related TEAE



Key Demographics of Subjects



Background information in the ITT* population

		low dose N=16	high dose N=14	placebo N=17
Sex	Male	8	8	13
Sex	Female	8	6	4
Age	Min	22	23	16
	Max	59	63	61
Severity	mild/moderate	14	12	14
	asymptomatic/ only mild	2	2	3
Vaccination of	Yes	14 (87.5%)	12 (85.7%)	12 (70.6%)
SARS-CoV-2	No	2	2	5

^{*} Intention-to-treat (ITT): All subjects who were randomly assigned to the study intervention and had a SARS-CoV-2 infection based on RT-PCR. 47 subjects excluding 22 subjects that were PCR negative at baseline from 69 subjects





Efficacy

- Antiviral effect (Viral titer/RNA)
- Clinical Symptom improvement
- Effect in preventing exacerbations



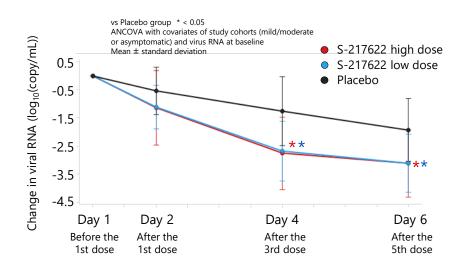
Antiviral Effect: Viral Titer, Viral RNA



Mean change from baseline in viral titer

vs Placebo group * < 0.05 ANCOVA with covariates of study cohorts (mild/moderate Change in viral titer (log₁₀(TCID₅₀/mL)) or asymptomatic) and virus titer at baseline Mean ± standard deviation S-217622 high dose S-217622 low dose 0.0 Placebo -0.5-1.0-1.5 -2.0-2.5 -3.0 * -3.5 -4.0 Day 2 Day 4 Day 6 Day 1 Before the After the After the After the 1st dose 3rd dose 1st dose 5th dose

Mean change from baseline in amount of viral RNA



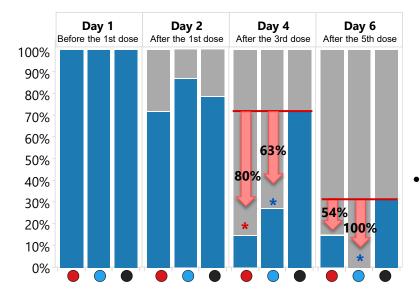
Rapid reduction in viral titer and viral RNA compared to placebo group



Antiviral Effect: Proportion of Patients with Positive Viral Titer



Proportion of patients with viral titer positivity



- Viral titer negative (<0.8 Log10 (TCID₅₀/mL))
- Viral titer positive (≥0.8 Log10 (TCID₅₀/mL))

vs Placebo group *<0.05 Mantel-Haenszel test stratified by study cohorts (mild/moderate or asymptomatic)

- S-217622 high dose
- S-217622 low dose
- Placebo

On day 4 (After the 3rd dose), the proportion of patients with positive viral titer decreased by approximately 60-80% compared to the placebo group

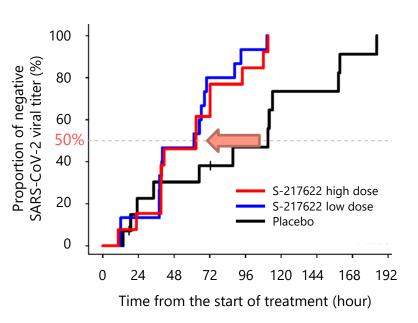
S-217622 rapidly reduces the number of subjects shedding infectious virus



Antiviral Effect: Time to the First Negative SARS-CoV-2 Viral Titer



Kaplan-Meier Plot for time to the First Negative SARS-CoV-2 Viral Titer



Median (hours) [95% CI*]
Difference [95% CI*]
Stratified log-rank test**

S-217622: low dose N = 15	S-217622: high dose N = 13	Placebo N = 14
61.3 [38.0, 68.4]	62.7 [39.2, 72.3]	111.1 [23.2, 158.5]
-49.8 [-96.7, 30.9]	-48.4 [-95.9, 28.5]	
P = 0.0159	P = 0.0205	

^{*} CI= Conference Interval

Median time to the negative SARS-CoV-2 viral titer shortened by 2 days compared to the placebo group

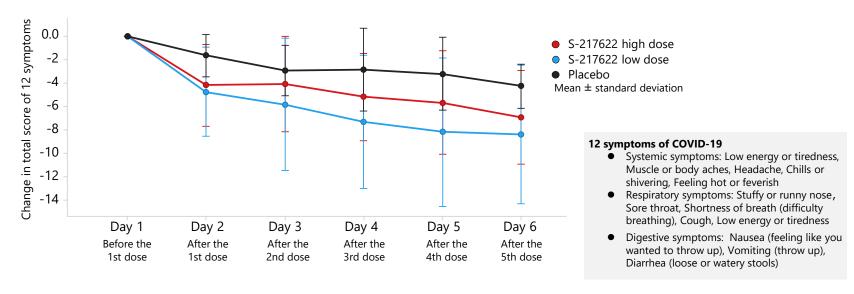


^{**} Log-rank test stratified by study cohorts (mild/moderate or asymptomatic/only mild symptoms)

Clinical improvement: Change from Baseline in COVID-19 Symptom Score



Mean change from baseline in 12 COVID-19 symptom total score



 Confirmed a tendency toward improvement in total score of 12 COVID-19 symptoms, and further analysis will be continued with subjects enrolled in the subsequent part of the trial



Effect in preventing exacerbations



8-Point Ordinal Scale* **exacerbation rate** (exploratory analysis)

(Proportion of first exacerbated subjects with 3 or higher on 8-Point Ordinal Scale* score at any point after the treatment)

⇒Proportion of subjects whose condition worsened after the treatment and was judged by the physician to be hospitalized or to be treated equivalent to hospitalization

	S-217622: low dose	S-217622: high dose	Placebo
Proportion of subject with 3 or higher on ordinal scale score	0.0%	0.0%	14.3%
Number of subjects	0/13	0/12	2/14

8-Point Ordinal Scale	Score
Asymptomatic	0
Symptomatic, no limitation of activities	1
Symptomatic, limitation of activities	2
Hospitalized, no oxygen therapy	3
Hospitalized, with oxygen therapy (< 5 L/min)	4
Hospitalized, with oxygen therapy (≥ 5 L/min)	5
Hospitalized, with ventilation	6
Death	7

No subject with 3 or higher on the 8-Point Ordinal Scale score in the S-217622 group





Safety



Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAE) / Treatment-related TEAE



Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAE)

	S-217622: low dose N = 21	S-217622: high dose N = 23	Placebo N = 24
Subjects with any TEAE	11	16	9
Percentage of subjects	52.4%	69.6%	37.5%

Treatment-related TEAE

	S-217622: low dose N = 21	S-217622: high dose N = 23	Placebo N = 24
Subjects with any TEAE	5	10	0
Percentage of subjects	23.8%	43.5%	0.0%

- No high-grade or serious TEAE have been observed
- No TEAE resulting in discontinuation have been observed



Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAE) (5% or more)



Treatment-emergent adverse events (TEAE) (5% or more)

	S-217622: low dose N = 21	S-217622: high dose N = 23	Placebo N = 24
Subjects with any TEAE (Percentage of subjects)	11 (52.4%)	16 (69.6%)	9 (37.5%)
Nasopharyngitis	2 (9.5%)	0	0
Headache	1 (4.8%)	3 (13.0%)	0
Rhinalgia	2 (9.5%)	0	0
High density lipoprotein (HDL) decreased	3 (14.3%)	12 (52.2%)	2 (8.3%)
Blood triglycerides (TG) increased	0	3 (13.0%)	0
Aspartate aminotransferase (AST) increased	1 (4.8%)	1 (4.3%)	2 (8.3%)
Blood bilirubin increased	0	2 (8.7%)	0
Alanine aminotransferase increased (ALT)	1 (4.8%)	0	2 (8.3%)

Treatment-related TEAE (5% or more)



Treatment-related TEAE (5% or more)

	S-217622: low dose N = 21	S-217622: high dose N = 23	Placebo N = 24
Subjects with any treatment-related TEAE (percentage of subjects)	5 (23.8%)	10 (43.5%)	0
High density lipoprotein (HDL) decreased	3 (14.3%)	8 (34.8%)	0
Blood triglycerides (TG) increased	0	2 (8.7%)	0

- Almost all TEAE were mild and all treatment-related TEAE were mild
- HDL decreases and TG increases were observed in the Phase 1 trial, and safety and recoverability of these events were confirmed in the Phase 1 trial (~2,000mg)

Summary



Antiviral effect

- The S-217622 arms showed a significant difference compared to the placebo group with respect to each of the following:
 - > Rapid reductions in viral titer and viral RNA
 - > On day 4, the proportion of subjects with positive viral titer decreased by approximately 60-80% compared to the placebo group
 - > Median time to the negative SARS-CoV-2 viral titer shortened by 2 days compared to the placebo group

Clinical Symptom improvement

- S-217622 showed a tendency toward improvement in total score of 12 COVID-19 symptoms
 - > There were two subjects with exacerbation of COVID-19 symptoms in the placebo group, but none in the S-217622 group

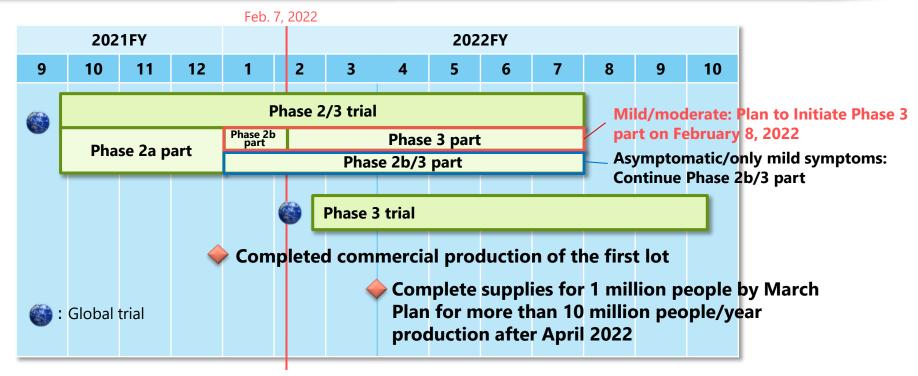
Safety

- No high-grade or serious TEAE have been observed
- No TEAE resulting in discontinuation have been observed
- Almost all TEAE were mild and all treatment-related TEAE were mild



S-217622: Current Status and Future Plans





Based on favorable results, we will continue to aim for the fastest domestic provision



Appendix



Nonclinical Efficacy: Activity against Omicron Variant

Activity against omicron variant

In vitro assay using VeroE6T cells

SARS-CoV-2 variant	EC (v.NA)	Major mutation	ı site
SARS-COV-2 Variant	EC ₅₀ (μM)	Spike-protein	3CL-protease
WK-521 strain	0.37	-	-
α variant (QHN001/QHN002/QK002)	0.31/0.46/0.33	N501Y, D614G	-
β variant (TY8-612)	0.40	K417N, E484K, N501Y, D614G	K90R*
Γ variant (TY7-501/TY7-503)	0.50/0.43	K417T, E484K, N501Y, D614G	-
δ variant (TY11-927-P1)	0.41	L452R, T478K, D614G	-
o variant (TY38-873)	0.29	K417N, K440K, G446S, S477N, T478K, E484A, Q493K, G496S, Q498R, N501Y, Y505H	P132H

Antiviral activity retained across various strains, including the current globally problematic omicron variant



Reference: Mean Change from Baseline in Virus RNA (other antivirals)



		Molnupiravir Phase 2 *1		PAXLOVID HR Phase 3 *2		REGEN-COV HR Phase 3 *3	
		Molnupiravir 800 mg	Placebo	Nirmatrelvir 300 mg ritonavir 100 mg	Placebo	REGEN-COV 2,400 mg	Placebo
Day 3	N	51	56				
	Mean*	-1.050	-0.847				
	Diff* vs placebo	-0.203					
Day 5	N	52	57	211	240		
	Mean*	-1.867	-1.320	-2.69	-1.75		
	Diff* vs placebo	-0.547		-0.93			
Day 7	N	49	56			1355	1341
	Mean*	-2.485	-1.952			-3.32	-2.47
	Diff* vs placebo	-0.534				-0.86	

^{*} Least square mean



^{*1} Fischer W. et al. (2021). Molnupiravir, an Oral Antiviral Treatment for COVID-19.

^{*2} Analyst and Investor Call to Discuss the First COVID-19 Comprehensive Approach: Pfizer-BioNTech Vaccine and Pfizer's Novel Oral Antiviral Treatment Candidate

^{*3} Weinreich D. M. et al. (2021). REGEN-COV Antibody Combination and Outcomes in Outpatients with Covid-19.

Forward-Looking Statements



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